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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/761,283	01/16/2001	Chao-Hsin Chang	67,200-355	5574
7	7590 02/22/2005		EXAM	INER
TUNG & ASSOCIATES			DASS, HARISH T	
Suite 120				D. DOD 1771 (DDD
838 W. Long Lake Road			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Bloomfield Hills MI 48302			3628	

DATE MAILED: 02/22/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/761,283	CHANG, CHAO-HSIN	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Harish T Dass	3628	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 No 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final.		
Disposition of Claims			
 4) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	•		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction and the original transfer of the second sheet (s) including the correction are considered to by the Example 11).	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

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Claim Objections

1. Claims 1 and 9 are objected to because of the following informalities: Claims have type error, for example: claim 1 line 15 "the at". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5, 9-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chou et al (hereinafter Chou – US 6,240,400) in view of Johnson et al (hereinafter Johnson – US 6,047,274).

Re. Claims 1 and 9, Chou discloses a method for accommodating electronic commerce in a semiconductor manufacturing capacity market where product manufacturers and users of chips to trade semiconductor manufacturing capacity [see entire document, particularly Abstract; Figure 3; C1 L1-L64],

providing a fabrication facility having available production capacity for producing at least product (solicit capacity in semiconductor manufacturing capacity market; DRAM) [C1 L10-L64; C2 L60-L67], and

allocating from the producing the least one product a first capacity for producing least one specified product (DRAM, SRAM) [C2 L60 to C3 L26].

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Chou does not explicitly disclose auctioning, while employing a computer based auction method, the least one specified product pool of bidders comprising least one bidder, determining from the pool bidders comprising at least one bidder at least one winning bidder, and fabricating, at least one winning bidder, quantity least one specified product from the manufacturing facility while employing the first capacity for producing the at least specified product.

However, Johnson et al (hereinafter Johnson – US 6,047,274) discloses auctioning, while employing auction method, the least one specified product pool of bidders comprising least one bidder [Abstract; Figures 4, 6-7, 11-16; C5 L55 to C7 L52; C9 L15-L25], determining from the pool bidders comprising at least one bidder at least one winning bidder [C10 L14-L50], and at least one winning bidder, quantity least one specified product from the manufacturing facility while employing the first capacity for producing the at least specified product [Abstract; C1 L7-L25; C5 L55 to C7 L52; C3 L30-L37; C5 L27-L34] to provide auction services for buyer and seller who wish to sell/buy extra capacity in competitive bid. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to combine the disclosures of Chou and Johnson and include auction service for sell extra manufacturing capacity that manufacturer can not use which can be put for auction for competitive bid to be utilized by end user as an economical choice.

Re. Claims 2-3 and 10-11, Chou wherein least one product selected from the group consisting mechanical products, electrical products, chemical products electro-

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mechanical products and wherein the least one product microelectronic product selected from group consisting integrated ceramic substrate microelectronic fabrications, optoelectronic microelectronic fabrications, sensor image optoelectronic microelectronic fabrications (semiconductors) [C1 L10 to C3 L26].

Re. Claims 4-5 and 12-13, Neither Chou nor Johnson explicitly discloses wherein the first capacity for producing the at least specified product is equal to the total available capacity producing the at least one product and wherein the first capacity producing less than the total available capacity producing at least product. Leasing or selling manufacturing capacity is management business choice and it is based on the company strategy, long term, or short term goals and market situations they compete (for example, IBM strategy to lease or sale excess semiconductor capacity at East Fishkill, NY, or Capital Locomotive of Greenville, SC, does not have orders to assemble locomotive and the assembly line is ideal and costs Capital Locomotive every month. The management decides to contract ABB Traction, who does not have manufacturing facility of its own in USA, to use the facility and pay for it as a lease to manufacture its locomotives or Capital Locomotive decide to lease partial capacity such as body repair shop for period of time.) It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the Applicant's invention was made to modify disclosures of Chou and Johnson and include leasing or selling manufacturing capacity in full or partial to generate revenue when business demands to recover investment and labor cost at minimum.

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Claims 6-8 and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chou and Johnson, as applied to claims 1, 9 above, and further in view of Ausubel (US 5,905,975).

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Re. Claims 6-8 and 14-16, neither Chou nor Johnson explicitly discloses wherein auction is group consisting of English auctions, auctions, reserve auctions, non-reserve auctions, sealed bid auctions and Vickrey auctions. However, Ausubel discloses these type of auctions (English auctions, auctions, reserve auctions, non-reserve auctions, sealed bid auctions and Vickrey auctions) [see entire document particularly, Abstract; Figure 1; C1 L15 to C5 L40; C14 L20 to C15 L33] for providing a computerized auction system to allow players (bidders/offers) interactively participate in auction and use the flexibility of different auction systems for best pricing. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to combine the disclosures of Chou, Johnson, Ausubel to allow bidders to submit not only their current bids, but also to enter future bids into auction system.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, filed 11/5/2004, with respect to the rejection(s)of claim(s) 1 and 9 under 35 USC § 103 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Chou et al (US 6,240,400).

Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is required under 37 CFR ' 1.111 (c) to consider the references fully when responding to this action.

David Hays, June 20, 2000 "Web at Work Column", The Kansas City Star, Mo., discloses Freightquote.com integrated to Capacityweb which allows manufacturing members to receive competitive bids. The Capacityweb links manufacturers to buy and sell excess manufacturing capacity.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Harish T Dass whose telephone number is 703-305-4694. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM to 4:50 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hyung S Sough can be reached on 703-308-0505. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Harish T Dass Examiner Art Unit 3628

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